Farxlioz® Cyclophosphamide is an anti-cancer ("antineoplastic" or "cytotoxic") chemotherapy drug. This medication is classified as an "alkylating agent." Cyclophosphamide is used to treat various types of cancer.





Indications for Cyclophosphamide Injection: Carcinoma of the breast. Adult:



LIFE WILL WIN AT TAJ PHARMA INDIA.

Cyclophosphamide is used alone or in combination with other medications to treat Hodgkin's lymphoma (Hodgkin's disease) and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (types of cancer that begin in a type of white blood cells that normally fights infection); cutaneous **T-cell lymphoma (CTCL, a group of cancers of the immune system that ...**

Cyclophosphamide is a cytotoxic drug for the treatment of malignant disease in adults and children. As a single agent, it has successfully produced an objective remission in a wide range of malignant conditions. Cyclophosphamide is also frequently used in combination with other cytotoxic drugs, radiotherapy or surgery.

DO NOT THROW AWAY ANY MEDICINES VIA WASTEWATER OR HOUSEHOLD WASTE. ASK YOUR PHARMACIST HOW TO THROW AWAY MEDICINES YOU NO LONGER USE. THESE MEASURES WILL HELP PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT.

Warnings/Precautions:

Leukopenia. Thrombocytopenia. Tumor cell infiltration of bone marrow. Previous X-ray therapy or cytotoxic chemotherapy. Impaired renal or hepatic function. Infections. Adrenalectomy. General anesthesia within 10 days of therapy. Monitor hematologic profile (esp. neutrophils and platelets). Obtain urine sample (monitor for hemorrhagic cystitis); maintain adequate hydration. May interfere with wound healing. Elderly. Pregnancy (Cat.D). Nursing mothers: not recommended.

IF YOU SHOULD EXPERIENCE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS: FEVER OF 100.4° F (38° C) OR HIGHER, CHILLS (POSSIBLE SIGNS OF INFECTION)

Cancers treated with cyclophosphamide include: Hodgkin's and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Burkitt's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), chronic myelocytic leukemia (CML), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), t-cell lymphoma (mycosis fungoides), multiple myeloma, neuroblastoma, retinoblastoma, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, and conditioning regimens for bone marrow transplantation

HOW CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE IS GIVEN
THE AMOUNT OF CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE THAT YOU WILL RECEIVE DEPENDS ON MANY FACTORS, INCLUDING YOUR HEIGHT AND WEIGHT, YOUR GENERAL HEALTH OR OTHER HEALTH PROBLEMS,
AND THE TYPE OF CANCER

OR CONDITION YOU HAVE. YOUR DOCTOR WILL DETERMINE YOUR EXACT DOSAGE AND SCHEDULE.

CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE CAN BE GIVEN BY A NUMBER OF DIFFERENT ROUTES. THE ROUTE THAT IT IS GIVEN DEPENDS ON THE DOSAGE, THE CONDITION BEING TREATED, AS WELL AS THE PURPOSE

CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE CAN BE GIVEN BY A NUMBER OF DIFFERENT ROUTES. THE ROUTE THAT IT IS GIVEN DEPENDS ON THE DOSAGE, THE CONDITION BEING TREATED, AS WELL AS THE IS BEING USED FOR.

IT IS USUALLY GIVEN THROUGH A VEIN BY INJECTION OR INFUSION (INTRAVENOUS, IV) OR BY MOUTH IN TABLET FORM, DEPENDING UPON DIAGNOSIS.

CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE IS ALSO APPROVED TO BE GIVEN BY A SHOT INTO A MUSCLE (IM), INTO THE ABDOMINAL LINING (INTRAPERITONEAL, IP), OR INTO THE LINING OF THE LUNG (INTRAPLEURAL). TABLETS SHOULD BE GIVEN WITH FOOD OR AFTER MEALS. TABLETS SHOULD NOT BE CUT OR CRUSHED.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved .Prescription Only (POM)

A Taj Pharma"India Product



a refrigerator (2-8°C). Keep the vial in the outer \setminus order to protect from light.